RANI DURGAVATI VISHWAVIDYALAYA, JABALPUR SYLLABUS PRESCRIBED FOR THE DEGREE OF THE MASTER OF SCIENCE IN BIOSCIENCE IN UNIVERSITY TEACHING DEPARTMENT (Academic Session 2020-2021 & Onwards)

[PROGRAMME UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM - ORDINANCE 222]

This brochure of the programme for the M.Sc. degree in Bioscience consists of six parts, viz., (A) Information from the relevant Ordinance(s) / Statutes, (B) Programme Objective (C) Programme Outcomes (D) Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOS) (E) Scheme of examination and (F) Courses of study.

A.INFORMATION FROM THE RELEVANT ORDINANCE (S)/STATUTES

1. DURATION OF THE COURSE

M.Sc. Bioscience will be a full time two-year programme to be covered in four semesters, each of six months duration. The first year of the programme will complete the I and II semesters, and the second year will complete the third and fourth semesters. The maximum duration of the programme shall be twice of the minimum duration of the programme, i.e. four years.

2. ADMISSION TO THE COURSE

The number of seats shall be in accordance with the directives by the University. A candidate, who after having secured the B.Sc. degree with at least 50 % marks from a recognized university with a subject of Life Science, shall be eligible for admission to the course. The admission to the course will be on the basis of the merit and according to guidelines from the University and Government of Madhya Pradesh. After the term-end examination at the end of each semester, the student will be provisionally admitted to the next semester.

3. TUITION AND OTHER FEES

The admitted candidate shall pay the course fee in addition to the tuition fee and such other fees as prescribed by the University.

4. PROGRAM OF THE STUDY

The semester will consist of 16-18 weeks of academic work. One credit is equivalent to one hour (60 minutes) of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or two hours (120 minutes) of practical work/field work per week throughout a semester. The credits associated with the courses will be valid credits, while credits associated with comprehensive viva voce will be virtual credits. In the end term examination there will be **three components**, **namely Core Courses**, **Elective Courses and Skill Development Course**, except for the 4th semester where every student will carry out and submit a **dissertation**

The syllabus for the theory and practical examination will be prescribed by the Board of Studies in Bioscience, R.D. University, Jabalpur.

5. CONTINUOUS EVALUATION

During the semester, a teacher offering the course will do the continuous evaluation of the student at three points of time by conducting three tests of 20 marks each. Of these, two must be written tests and the third may be written test/quiz/seminar/assignment. Marks obtained in two best tests out of three will be awarded to the student.

6. ATTENDANCE

The student whose attendance is less than 75 % will not be allowed to appear in the end semester examination and he/she will be declared fail in that semester.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

7. END SEMESTER EXAMINATION

There shall be end semester examination at the end of first, second & third semester. The semester examination will be held every year normally in December and June or on the dates declared in the academic calendar of the University. A student proceeding to appear in end semester examination will submit through the Head of the Department his / her application on the prescribed form along with required examination fee, etc. to the Registrar of the University. Every student will appear in four respective theory papers and two combined practical examinations in first, second, & third semesters except for the fourth semester. In the fourth semester, every student will be allotted dissertation work in lieu of four theory papers. Allotment of the dissertation will be done by a committee comprising of the Dean of Faculty of Life Science, Head of Department of Biological Science, one Professor and one Associate Professor of the Department by rotation according to seniority. The dissertation may be undertaken in UTD or in any of the National Laboratories/ Institute/ Universities/ Government approved Companies/ Industries. In such cases, there will be two supervisors, one from the parent department and another from the place where the student completes his/her dissertation work.

The dissertation will be evaluated by the external examiner who has expertise in the concerned subject. For the purpose of holding viva-voce, the supervisor will be the internal examiner along with the external examiner who has evaluated the dissertation. The scheme of marks for evaluating the various components of the dissertation will be followed as given in the syllabus.

8. CONDITION FOR A PASS

For each course, each student has to appear in at least two tests and end semester examination, otherwise the student will be awarded "Ab" grade. The total marks obtained in end-semester examination, and best of two tests under continuous evaluation will decide the grade in that course. In addition, student also has to get valid credits for Skill development modules' courses and Virtual credits and grades for Comprehensive viva-voce. The grading will be made on 10-point scale as follows:

Letter Grade	Grade Points	Description	Range of Marks (%)
0	10	Outstanding	90-100
A+	9	Excellent	80-89
A	8	Very Good	70-79
B+	7	Good	60-69
В	6	Above Average	50-59
C	5	Average	40-49
P	4	Pass	35-39
F	0	Fail	0-34
Ab	0	Absent	Absent

For passing the examination in each semester, a candidate must have secured a minimum of 35% marks ("P" Grade: 4 Grade Points) in the course. If the marks obtained by the student in a course are less than the minimum cut-off percentage of marks, then "F" Grade will be awarded. If a student obtains "F" or "Ab" Grade in any course, he/she will be treated to have failed in the course. He/she has to reappear in the examination of the course as and when conducted or arranged by the UTD. Marks obtained earlier in continuous assessment may be carried forward and added to the marks obtained in repeat end semester examination to decide the grade in the repeat course.

The theoretical, practical and skill development courses can be repeated whenever offered or arranged by the UTD but within maximum duration of the programme. He/she can avail multiple repeat attempts to pass the course. The student will be promoted to the next

Approved by

semester if he/she secures at least 12 valid credits in a semester. In case the student secures less than 12 valid credits in any semester, then the student will be asked to repeat entire semester and that semester will be treated as zero semester.

The decision of the teacher regarding the evaluation and the grade shall be final. However, a student submits in writing for review of his Marks/Grade to the Head/Director who will place the case before the board of comprehensive viva voce. The decision of the board will be final. Result of review will be declared by the concerned Head/Director. Review is effective only when grade improves. Review will be allowed only if —

- The prescribed fee is paid.
- The candidate applies within 7 days of the declaration of the grade in that course.

There will be no provision for revaluation. However the candidates can apply for Retotaling in one course per semester.

- **9.** In matters not covered under this Ordinance, general rules of the University shall be applicable.
- **10.** In case of any dispute/ambiguity, the ruling of the Vice-Chancellor shall be final and binding.

B.PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

C. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

D. PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOS)

E.SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SEMESTER I

(A) Co	ontinuous evaluation, Theory, Practical	Credits	Maximum Marks		
Course Code	Course Title		Continuous Evaluation	End Semester Exam	Total
I Core co	urses				
BSC101	Biological Diversity of Viruses, Bacteria and Fungi	3	40	60	100
BSC102	Developmental Biology (Animal)	3	40	60	100
BSC103	Basic Ecology	3	40	60	100
BSC104	Practical based on BSC101 & BSC102	4	40	60	100
BSC105	Practical based on BSC103 & BSE101/ BSE102	4	40	60	100
II Electiv	es courses (Any one to choose)				
BSE101	Biomolecules				
BSE102	Bioenergetics and Intermediary Metabolism	3	40	60	100
III Skill I	Development course				
BSS101	Skill Development module 1	2	Grade Poin by Skill Dev	t will be provelopment C	
Total val	id credits	22		-	
		T			
(B) Com credits)	prehensive viva voce (virtual	4			50

SEMESTER II

(A) Continuous evaluation, Theory, Practical		Credits	Maximum Marks		
Course Code	Course Title		Continuous Evaluation	End Semester Exam	Total
I Core co	ourses				
BSC201	Taxonomy of Angiosperms	3	40	60	100
BSC202	Biostatistics and Computer Applications	3	40	60	100
BSC203	Practical based on BSC201 & BSC202	4	40	60	100
BSC204	Practical based on BSE201/ BSE202/ BSE203 (Any Two courses)	4	40	60	100
II Electiv	ves courses (Any two to choose)		•	1	
BSE201	Biology of the Immune System	3	40	60	100
BSE202	Resource utilization and conservation	3	40	60	100
BSE203	Microbial Metabolism				
III Skill l	Development course				
BSS201	Skill Development module 2	2		t will be provelopment C	
Total val	id credits	22		•	
(B) Comcredits)	prehensive viva voce (virtual	4			50

SEMESTER III

(A) Co	ontinuous evaluation, Theory, Practical	Credits	Maximum Marks		
Course Code	Course Title		Continuous Evaluation	End Semester Exam	Total
I Core co	urses				
BSC301	Plant Physiology	3	40	60	100
BSC302	Genetics & Molecular Biology	3	40	60	100
BSC303	Animal Physiology	3	40	60	100
BSC304	Practical based on BSC301 & BSC302	4	40	60	100
BSC305	Practical based on BSC303 & BSE301/ BSE302/ BSE303/ BSE304	4	40	60	100
II Electiv	res courses (Any one to choose)				
BSE301	Advanced Molecular Biology				
BSE302	Agricultural Microbiology				
BSE303	Bioprocess Engineering and Technology	3	40	60	100
BSE304	Biotechnology				
	Development course				
BSS301	Skill Development module 3	2	Grade Point Skill Deve	will be provi	•
Total val	id credits	22			
(B) Com	prehensive viva voce (virtual	4			50

^{*}Both (A – Core courses; One/Two Elective course(s) and Skill Development modules) & (B) are compulsory components of a semester. The grades awarded in the comprehensive Viva-voce shall be shown separately in the Grade Sheet.

SEMESTER IV

(A) DISSERTATION	Credits	Maximum Marks
A. Valuation (i) Language & Presentation (ii) Review of Literature (iii) Methodology (iv) Analysis & interpretation of Result	18	300
B. Viva-Voce EXTERNAL		50
C. Viva-Voce INTERNAL		50
Total		400

(B) Comprehensive viva voce (v	virtual 1	50
credits)	4	30

F. COURSES OF STUDY

FIRST – SEMESTER

COURSE CODE BSC101: BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY OF VIRUSES, BACTERIA AND FUNGI (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objective- The course aims to empower the learner with knowledge pertaining to the world of microorganisms; techniques for cultivation and their economic importance. It also aims to enable understanding of the habitat, structure, reproduction and classification of bacteria, viruses and fungi.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- CO1: Conceptualize the history and scope of microorganisms with emphasis on origin and general features of prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Learners will be able to understand the status and economic importance of microorganisms in agriculture, industry and medicine.
- **CO2:** Knowledge of basic techniques of staining, isolation, enumeration, maintenance and preservation of microbial culture; with understanding of composition of different culture media and nutritional requirement of microorganisms.
- CO3: Empowers the student to acquire knowledge about the habitat, structure, reproduction, biochemical characterization and Classification of Bacteria, Cyanobacteria and Actinomycetes.
- **CO4:** Understanding of the structure, multiplication and classification of viruses, Scrapie Virosoids, Prions and Viroids; general account of Rickettsiae, Chlamydiae and Mycoplasma.
- **CO5:** Knowledge of habitat, structure, reproduction and classification of fungi.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

History, Development and scope of microbiology, Origin and evolution of microorganisms, General features of prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Status of microorganisms in the living world, Economic significance of microorganisms in agriculture, Industry and medicine.

UNIT II

Basic principles of sterilization and disinfection, Nutritional requirement of microorganisms, Composition of common culture media, Methods of isolation and enumeration of microorganisms from soil, Water and air, Enrichment technique, Maintenance and preservation of microbial cultures, Staining techniques.

IINIT III

Habitat, Structure, Reproduction, Biochemical characterization and outline Classification of Bacteria (only major categories), Cyanobacteria and Actinomycetes.

UNIT IV

Structure, Multiplication and outline classification (major categories only) of viruses, Scrapie Virosoids, Prions and Viroids, General account of *Rickettsiae*, *Chlamydiae* and *Mycoplasma*.

IINIT V

Habitat, Structure, Reproduction and outline classification (major categories only) of fungi

Books Recommended

- Mandahar C. L. (1978) Introduction to Plant Viruses.
- Clifton A. (1958) Introduction to the Bacteria.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

• Dubey, R. C. & Maheshwari, D. K. 2005: A Text Book of Microbiology, S. Chand Publisher, New Delhi.

.....

COURSE CODE BSC102: DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY (ANIMAL) (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objective: The syllabus of Developmental Biology is structured analytically to enable students to learn the structure and function of male and female reproductive organs, tissues and cells, and processes of their development. Further, the process of fertilization and development of fertilized egg into full individual is also dealt with in this course.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Enabling students to understand the process of development of male and female gonads including ultrastructural details of the reproductive tissues and cells.
- The students also learn the process of fertilization including initial changes in an ovum in terms of various planes of cleavages and their significance in eventual development of individuals, taking some examples of Annelids and Mollusks.
- The students are also made acquainted with initial process of embryogenesis; gastrulation and organogenesis taking some animal models.
- The fetus development is the next component with which students are versed with. The placental development and various types of mammalian placenta is also included.
- The students learn various aspects of metamorphosis and organogenesis with respect to life cycle transformations in insects and amphibians.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Gametogenesis, Male and Female gonads, Spermatogenesis, Formation of spermatids, Spermiogenesis, Factors controlling the spermatogenesis, Ultra structure of male gametes, Oogenesis, Previtellogenesis post Vitellogenesis, Ultra structure of female gametes.

UNIT II

Fertilization, Types and mechanism acrosome reaction and penetration of sperm, Activation of ovum, Significance of fertilization, Cleavage & its various types, Planes of cleavage, cell lineage with examples from Annelida & Mollusca.

UNIT III

Gastrulation, Types and morphodynamic of gastrulation with examples from *Amphioxus* & Frog, Organogenesis (Brain and Heart only) of Frog, Embryonic induction brief idea.

UNIT IV

Foetal membranes, their formation, functions & fate, Placentation in mammals, Types and classification of Placentae.

IINIT V

Metamorphosis, Physiology and biochemistry of metamorphosis in insects & amphibian, regeneration of limb.

COURSE CODE BSC103: BASIC ECOLOGY (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives:

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

The course aims to empower the students in the field of ecology with special reference to components, biogeochemical cycles, development and stability of the ecosystem along with the concept, analysis of the community and the biodiversity.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- **CO1:** The student will able to get the huge knowledge of population ecology.
- **CO2:** Students will be able to study the concept, organization and study of the community with the concept of niche and biodiversity.
- **CO3:** Students will be able to understand the vegetative organization in community. Students will get to know about how changes take place during ecological succession.
- **CO4:** Student will have developed knowledge about structure and function of ecosystem. They also will understand about biogeochemical cycle in environment and its role.
- **CO5:** Demonstrate proficiency in the experimental techniques and methods to study the ecosystem.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT – I

Ecology & ecosystem: Definitions, Organization and components, Population ecology density & distribution, Natality, Mortality, Survivorship curves, Age structure & pyramids, Fecundity schedules, Life tables, Population growth exponential and logistic curves, Intra specific competition and self regulation, r-and k-strategists.

UNIT - II

Community organization: Concepts of community and continuum, Analysis of community analytical and synthetic characters, Community coefficients and indices of diversity, interspecific association negative and positive associations, Concept of ecological niche, Concepts of biodiversity.

UNIT-III

Ecosystem development and stability: Temporal changes cyclic and non cyclic, Succession processes & types, Mechanism of succession facilitation, Tolerance and inhibition models, Concept of climax persistence resilience and resistance, Ecological perturbation natural and anthropogenic, Ecosystem restoration.

UNIT - IV

Fate of energy in ecosystems: Trophic organization and structure, Food chains & webs, energy flow pathways, Ecological efficiencies consumption, assimilation and production trophic, Primary production methods of measurement, Global patterns, Limiting factors.

UNIT - V

Fate of matter in ecosystems: Recycling pathways, Relationship between energy flow and recycling pathways, Nutrient exchange and cycling, Global biogeochemical cycles of C, N, P and S, Physical, chemical and Biological characteristics of soil.

Books Recommended

- Ecology Principles and Applications 2nd Edition J.L. Chapman 1999.
- Ecology and quality of our environment 2nd Edition C.H. Southwick 1976.
- M. P. Singh, S. Chinnamani R.N. Trivedi (1993) forestry & environment.
- E. J. Koromand. (1996) Concept of Ecology.

COURSE CODE BSC104: PRACTICAL BASED ON COURSE CODE BSC101 & COURSE CODE BSC102 (COURSE CREDITS = 04)

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSC101)

1. To prepare liquid and solid media for the growth of microorganisms.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on** Page **10** of **35**

Nutrient broth

NAM

PDA

2. To isolate pure culture of microorganism by using different inoculation methods.

Streaking

Spreading

- 3. Isolation and identification of fungi from given water sample.
- 4. Isolation and identification of fungi from given soil sample.
- 5. Isolation and identification of fungi from given air sample.
- 6. Isolation and identification of bacteria from soil and water sample.
- 7. Isolation and identification of microorganisms on some selective media by given soil and water sample.

MacConkey

EMB

XLD

- 8. Microscopic identification of different Cyanobacterial cultures.
- 9. To isolate bacteriophages from sewage.

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSC102)

- 1. To study spermatogenesis and oogenesis in any vertebrate animal
- 2. To prepare and investigate slides of gametes.
- 3. To study the developmental stages of frog (Egg, Blastula, Gastula and Tadpole).
- 4. To study the structure of Hen egg.
- 5. To study the embryological stages of slides of chick (Primitive Streak, 16, 24, 36, 48, 56, 72 and 96 hour stages W.M.).
- 6. To study the embryo through window preparation in fertilized Hen egg.

COURSE CODE BSC105: PRACTICAL BASED ON COURSE CODE BSC103& BSE101 / BSE102 (COURSE CREDITS = 04)

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSC103)

- 1. To determine the minimum area of quadrat for phytosociological analysis of grassland.
- 2. To determine frequency, density and abundance of different species in the grassland.
- 3. To determine minimum number of quadrats for sampling of grassland.
- 4. To compare community structure of different forest.
- 5. To determine the pH of water sample.
- 6. To determine homogeneity and heterogeneity of grassland vegetation.
- 7. To determine the trophic state of alkalinity of water body.
- 8. To determine the pH of soil samples.
- 9. To calculate Simpson's indices of diversity of grassland vegetation.
- 10. To calculate Shannon-Wiener indices of diversity of grassland vegetation.

LIST OF ELECTIVE PAPERS

COURSE CODE BSE101 : BIOMOLECULES (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on** Page **11** of **35**

Course Objective: The syllabus of Biomolecules is structured finely to make the students understand the structure and various principles dealing with the working of biomolecules and their mutual interactions to support the life system.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Enabling students to understand the importance of water in maintaining the various biochemical reactions such as buffering, phosphorylation, oxidation-reduction etc.
- The students learn the principle of working of enzyme and the process of enzymology, that is, how the enzymes work and where the active sites play a key role.
- The students also learn the basic and functional structures of all the biomolecules in detail.
- The inter-relationships and communication between the biomolecules is a major part
 of signal transduction. The students become well versed with this mode of biological
 process.
- The students learn various techniques such as chromatography, spectroscopy and electrophoresis to understand the purity of biomolecules and their analytical properties for further application.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Structure of water and its solvent properties, Acid- bases, pH and buffer, Bi and polyprotic buffer. Free energy and spontaneity of reactions, ATP and other phosphorylated compound with their free energy of hydrolysis, Phosphoryl group transfer, Biological oxidation reductions reaction, Coupled reaction and oxidative phosphorylation, Inhibitors and uncouplers.

UNIT II

Enzyme classification, Specificity, Active site, Enzyme kinetics, Michealis Menton equation, Determination of kinetic parameters, Bi-substrate reaction and their kinetics, Enzyme inhibition and kinetics, Allosteric enzyme. Kinetics and Allosteric regulation of phosphofructo kinase

UNIT III

Structure and chemistry of macromolecules, Proteins, Carbohydrates and Lipids, Protein folding, Structure and chemistry of bimolecules such as antibiotics, Pigments, Vitamins as coenzymes, Lipid analysis by GLC and Mass Spectrometry, Oligosaccharide and Polysaccharide analysis.

UNIT IV

Biosignaling molecular mechanism of signal transduction, Gated ion channels, Nicotinic acetyl choline receptor, Receptor enzyme, The insulin receptor, G- proteins and cyclic AMP membrane transport, Biomembrane, Nutrient transport across membranes, Active and passive diffusion, Symport, Antiport and uniport, Na⁺ K⁺ pumps and their metabolic significance.

UNIT V

Chromatographic technique, Paper and TLC, Gel filtration, Ion exchange, Affinity, HPLC, SDS, PAGE, Isoelectric focusing, Western blotting, Protein sequencing, Mass spectrometry, MALDI, TOF, MS.

Books Recommended

J. L., Jain, Sanjay, and Jain Nitin, (1979) Fundamentals of Biochemistry (6th revised Edition). S. Chand & Co. Ltd. New Delhi.

Buchanan . B.B. Gruissem, W. and Jones .R.L. (2000) Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants , American Society of Plant Physiologists, Maryland ,USA.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on** Page **12** of **35**

Albert L. lehninger, Davis L. Nelson, Michael M. Cox. (2004) Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry.

Lea P.J. and Leegood ,R.C. (1999) Plant Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (2 nd Edition) John Wiley and Sons. Chichester, England

Berg Jeremy, Tymoczko John, Stryer Lubert (2001) Biochemistry 4th Ed, W. H. Freeman, New York.

Conn Eric, Stumpf Paul K., Bruuening George, Doi Roy H., (1987) Outlines of Biochemistry 5th Ed, John Wiley and Sons, New Delhi.

Dawes Edwin A. (1972) Quantitative Problems in Biochemistry, Churchill Livingston, Edinburgh.

Hall D. D. and Rao K. K. (1996) Photosynthesis 5th Ed., Cambridge University Press. 5. Mandelstam Joel and McQuillen Kenneth (1976) Biochemistry of Bacterial Growth, Blackwell Scientific Publication London.

Metzler David E. (2001) Biochemistry: The chemical Reactions of Living Cells, Volume 1&2, Academic Press California.

Moat Albert G. and Foster John W. (1988) Microbial Physiology 2nd Ed. John Wiley and Sons New York.

Nelson D. L. and Cox M. M. (2005) Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, Fourth edition, W. H. Freeman & Co. New York.

Palmer Trevor (2001) Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology and Clinical chemistry, Horwood Pub. Co. Chinchester, England.

Segel Irvin H. (1997) Biochemical Calculations 2nd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, New York.

Voet Donald and Voet Judith G. (1995) Biochemistry, 2nd Ed.. John Wiley and sons New York.

White Abraham, Handler Philip, Smith Emil, Hill Rober, Lehman J. (1983) Principles of Biochemistry, Edition 6, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Companies, Inc.

White David (2000) Physiology and Biochemistry of Prokaryotes. 2nd Ed. Oxford University Press, New York.

Zubay Geoffrey (1998) Biochemistry, 4th Ed., W. C. Brown, New York.

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSE101)

- 1. To study working of weighing balance.
- 2. To study the working of pH meter.
- 3. To determine the pKa value of acetic acid by pH titration method.
- 4. Preparation of acetate buffer at pH=5.
- 5. Prepare Phosphate buffer at pH=8.
- 6. To prepare tris buffer at pH=9.
- 7. Estimation of protein by Lowry method.
- 8. Chromatographic separation by paper and thin layer Chromatography.
- 9. To determine pKa value of glycine.
- 10. Determine the absorption maxima of Potassium dichromate.
- 11. To prove the validity of Beer-Lambert's law.
- 12. Qualitative assessment of carbohydrate.
- 13. Qualitative assessment of lipids.
- 14. Qualitative assessment of proteins.
- 15. To prepare standard curve of glucose by anthrone method.
- 16. To determine the Km and Vmax of amylase enzymes.
- 17. To study the effect of substrate concentration on enzyme activity.
- 18. To study the effect of temperature on enzyme activity.

COURSE CODE BSE102: BIOENERGETICS AND INTERMEDIARY METABOLISM (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course objectives – Learners obtain the knowledge about the bioenergetics and intermediary metabolism within the living system for production of energy in form of ATP and different biomolecules, participate in different metabolic pathway.

Course learning outcomes -

- **CO1:** Learners will understand the concepts of bioenergetics, mitochondrial respiratory chain, cytochromes characterization and Oxidative phosphorylation.
- CO2: Students will get huge knowledge of cell transport systems, influx and efflux mechanisms, symport, antiport, uniport,
- **CO3:** Students will learn about the carbohydrate metabolism; glycolysis, TCA cycle, energy generation, energy rich bonds, biosynthesis of sugars, HMP shunt and alternate pathways.
- **CO4:** Students will learn about lipid metabolisms; fatty acid synthesis and oxidation, triglycerol, steroids and terpenes.
- **CO5:** Students will understand about the amino acid and nucleic acid biosynthesis, degradation, regulation, urea cycle, inhibitors and inborn error metabolism.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Bioenergetics: energy transformation, biological oxidations, oxygenases, hydroxylases, dehydrogenases and energy transducing membranes; free energy changes and redox potentials, phosphate potential, ion and proton electrochemical potentials, membrane potentials, chemo-osmotic theory; ion transport across energy transducing membranes, influx and efflux mechanisms, transport and distribution of cations, anions and ionophores. Uniport, antiport and symport mechanisms, shuttle systems.

UNIT-II

The mitochondrial respiratory chain, order and organization of carriers, proton gradient, iron sulphur proteins, cytochromes and their characterization; the Q cycle and the stoichiometry of proton extrusion and uptake. Oxidative phosphorylation, uncouplers and inhibitors of energy transfer. Fractionation and reconstitution of respiratory chain complexes. ATP synthetase complex, microsomal electron transport.

UNIT-III

Carbohydrates: glycolysis, citric acid cycle- its function in energy generation and biosynthesis of energy rich bonds, pentose phosphate pathway, alternate pathways of carbohydrate metabolism, gluconeogensis, inter-conversions of sugars, biosynthesis of glycogen, starch and oligosaccharides.

UNIT-IV

Lipids: fatty acid biosynthesis: acetyl CoA carboxylase, fatty acid synthase; fatty acid oxidation: α , β , oxidation and lipoxidation; lipid biosynthesis: of triacylglycerols, phosphoglycerides and sphingolipids, biosynthetic pathways for terpenes and steroids.

UNIT-V

Amino acids and nucleic acids: biosynthesis and degradation of amino acids and their regulation, specific aspects of amino acid metabolism, urea cycle and its regulation, in-born errors of amino acid metabolism; Nucleic acids: degradation of purines and pyrimidines, regulation of purine and pyrimidine biosynthesis, structure and regulation of ribonucleotide biosynthesis, biosynthesis of ribonucleotides, deoxyribonucleotides and polynucleotides, inhibitors of nucleic acid biosynthesis.

Books recommended

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

Faculty of Life Science on 14/10/2020 Executive Council on

Page 14 of 35

M.M. Cox and D.L. Nelson (2008) Lehninger Principals of Biochemistry W.H. Freeman & Company

Otto Hoffmann-Ostenhof (2008) Intermediary metabolism; Van Nostrand Reinhold (USA).

<u>P.H. Clarke</u> (1978) Intermediary metabolism; *John Wiley & Sons Ltd Hoboken, New Jersey (United States).*

Alexander Lowen (1994) Bioenergetics; Penguin/Arkana Books USA.

<u>David G. Nicholls</u> and <u>Stuart Ferguson</u> (2013) Bioenergetics; *Academic Press Elsevier United States*.

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSE102)

- 1. 1. To prepare acetate buffer of pH4.7.
- 2. To perform carbohydrate tests of manosaccharides, polysaccharides, disaccharides.
- 3. To determine protein of unknown sample by Lowry method.
- 4. To perform the detection of lipid in the given sample

COURSE CODE – BSS101: SKILL DEVELOPMENT MODULES 1 (COURSE CREDITS = 02)

PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT- MODULE- 1 (Semester-1) Hrs.-30

S.	Subject	Classroom Activity	Hrs.
No.			
01	Orientation, Personality Development	Worksheet	1
02	Role and Impact of Personality	Group Activity	1
03	Pre Self-Assessment (Psychometric Analysis)	PDP Assessment Sheet	2
04	Listening and Caring	Group Activity	1
05	The Art of Communication	Worksheet	1
06	Different level of Effective Communication	Worksheet	1
07	Professional Communication P-A-C	Worksheet	1
08	Rules of Professional Communication	Group Activity	1
09	Body Language - 1	Worksheet	1
10	Language Lab	Worksheet	1
11	Thought Process - 1	Worksheet	1
12	Interpersonal Skills	Worksheet	1
13	Observation & Imagination Power	Group activity	1
14	Creativity	Group Activity	1
15	Extempore - 1	Group activity	1
16	Extempore - 2	Group Activity	1
17	Presentation Skills	Worksheet	2
18	How to Draw the Attention of Audience	Worksheet	1
19	Steps of Effective Presentation	Worksheet	1
20	Prioritizing Matrix	Worksheet	1
21	Leadership Quality	Group activity	1
22	SWOT Analysis	Worksheet	1
23	Interview Skills	Lecture	2
24	Group Discussion	Group Activity	2
25	Resume Preparation	Group Activity	1

SECOND - SEMESTER

COURSE CODE BSC201: TAXONOMY OF ANGIOSPERMS (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives:

The course aims to empower the learners with the knowledge of the terms, theories, conventional and modern methods and practices of taxonomy of flowering plants, focusing on the local plant species. It also aims to create awareness about the plants used by tribals of MP.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- **CO1**: Understanding principles of biodiversity and its conservation. Gaining insight into the rules of nomenclature, adaptive features of ICBN and different classification systems.
- CO2: Learning and applying different techniques of identification, documentation of plants and role of computer in database identification. They will know how to prepare herbarium and use of keys to identify floras.
- CO3: Knowledge of modern taxonomy and its application in taxonomic evidences from anatomy, embryology palynology, cytology, secondary metabolites. Understanding numerical taxonomy OUT's coding.
- **CO4:** Empowers student to recognize, collect and compare the plants of the given fourteen angiosperm families. Learners will be able to describe the plant specimen with taxonomical terms, floral formula and diagrams.
- CO5: Acknowledge the economic uses of plants in modern society. An increased awareness and appreciation of plants & plant products encountered used by tribes of MP. Knowledge of important families of useful plants, the parts used and active biomolecules present in medicinal plants.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Principles of Biodiversity & its conservation, Concept of systematic, Identification & nomenclature with special reference to International code of Botanical nomenclature. Taxonomic Category species, Genus & family, Angiosperm classification systems (Bentham & Hooker & Hutchinson).

UNIT II

Herbarium, Herbarium Techniques, Role of botanical gardens, Documentation (Floras, Monographs, Journals, Manuals, Abstracts, Indices & Dictionaries), Keys for identification of plants single access and multi-access, Role of computers and Database in identification.

UNIT III

Modern Taxonomy, Supportive evidence from Anatomy, Embryology, Palynology, Cytology, Phytochemistry including secondary metabolites, Numerical Taxonomy OUT'S coding, Cladistics.

UNIT IV

Comparative study of Angiosperm families, Rannunculaceae & Magnoliaceae, Papaveraceae & Capparidaceae, Oxalidaceae & Meliaceae, Combretaceae & Lytheraceae Rubiaceae & Asteraceae, Convolvulaceae & Lamiaceae, Gramineae & Orchidaceae.

UNIT V

Importance and nature of plants & their products, Industrial plants, Shisham (<u>Dalbergia sisoo</u>), Sagon (<u>Tectona grandis</u>), Rubber plant (<u>Ficus elastica</u>) Cotton plants (<u>Gossypium hirsutum</u>), Semal (<u>Bombex ceiba</u>), Flax (<u>Glycine max</u>), Kattha (<u>Acacia catechu</u>), Neel (<u>Indigofera tinctoria</u>), Sindoor (<u>Melilotus alba</u>).

Drug Plants, Ashwagandha (*Withania <u>somnifera</u>*), Sarpgandha (*Rauwolfia <u>serpentina</u>*), Adhusa (*Adhatoda <u>vasica</u>*), Amla (*Emblica <u>officinalis</u>*), Neem (*Azadirachta indica*), Punarnava (*Boerhaavia diffusa*) safed musli.

Food Plants, Wheat (<u>Triticum aestivum</u>), Rice (<u>Orriza sativa</u>), Maize (<u>Zea mays</u>), Arhar (<u>Cajanus cajan</u>), Chana (<u>Cicer aurientinum</u>), Onion (<u>Allium cepa</u>) Clove (<u>Piper longum</u>) Turmeric (<u>Curcuma domestica</u>), Mustard (<u>Brassica compestris</u>), Groundnut (<u>Arachis hypogea</u>).

Ethnobotany, Plants used by tribals of M.P., Sitaphal, Champa, Bel, Ber, Sal, Achar, Palash, Kachnar, Siris, Arjun, Harra, Bahera, Mehndi, Mahua, Tendu, Latjira, Gular, Anar, Datura.

Books recommended

- Davis P. R. and Heywood V. M. (1973) Principles of Angiosperm Taxonomy.
- Eames A. I. (1961) Morphology of Angiosperms.
- Naik V. N. (1984) Taxonomy of Angiosperms.

.....

COURSE CODE BSC202: BIOSTATISTICS AND COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives:

The course aims to empower the learners with tools and techniques in collection, collation, summarization and interpretation of data along with various experimental designs and bioinformatics.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- CO1: Proficiency of students in various techniques of collection, collation, summarization and presentation of data. They could learn basic concepts of probability and probability distribution functions along with applications.
- CO2: Understanding and applications of descriptive and inferential statistics enabling students to use tests of significance in biological data.
- CO3: Can apply Analysis of Variance tools and different experimental designs to biological experiments, enabling them to minimize experimental and sampling errors.
- CO4: Understands concepts of correlation and regression tools and techniques, attempts extrapolation and simulation of biological processes.
- CO5: Empowers students to utilize software packages in digital analysis and processing of biological data. Integrate informatics with biology through data submission protocols, sequence alignment and searches, annotations and possible applications in human health and welfare.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Importance and scope of statistics in experimentation, Measure of central tendency arithmetic, Geometric and harmonic means, Measure of dispersion variance, Standard deviation, Coefficient of variation, Confidence limits of population mean.

UNIT II

Elements of probability, Statistical and Mathematical definitions, Probability distribution function: Normal, Binomial and Poisson distribution.

UNIT III

Tests of significance, Hypothesis and errors, 't' test, Population mean equals a specified value, Test of the equality of two means (Independent samples & Equal variances), Test of

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

the equality of two means (Paired samples), 'F'- test, One way analysis of variance (Sample sizes, Equal and Unequal).

UNIT IV

Chi-square statistics, Test of goodness of fit and test of independence of factors, Simple correlation coefficient, Significance tests, linear regression equation and diagram regression coefficient, Standard error, Significance tests.

UNIT V

History and development of computers, Hierarchy of computers, Computer hardware components and functional structures, Computers software: system and application software.

Books recommended

• B. L. Agarawal, Text Book of Biostatistics.

.....

COURSE CODE BSC203: PRACTICAL BASED ON COURSE CODE BSC201 & BSC202 (COURSE CREDITS = 04)

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSC201)

1. List of Families

Rananculaceae – Delphinium ajacis

Asclepidiaceae – Calotropis procera (Aak)

Papaveraceae – *Argemone maxican*

Orchidaceae – Zeuxine stratecemitica

Rubiaceae – *Ixora coccinea* (Rukmani)

Lamiaceae – *Ocimum sanctum* (tulsi)

Poaceae (Gramineae) – Triticum aestivum

Asteraceae (Compositeae) – Helianthus annus

Combretaceae – Quinsqualis indica

Magnoliaceae – Michelia champaca Linn.

Convolvulaceae – Convolvulus microphyllus

Capparidaceae – *Cleome gynandra* (Hut-hul)

Meliaceae – *Azadirachta indica* (Neem)

2. Plant of ethnomedicinal importance –

Arjun (Terminalia arjuna)

Harra (Terminalia chebula)

Clove (Syzygium aromatium)

Mehndi (Lawsonia inermis)

Neem (Azadirachta indica)

Amla (*Emblica officinalis*)

Onion (*Allium cepa*)

Ashwagandha (Withania somnifera)

Sarpagandha (Rauvolfia serpentina)

Bahera (Terminalia bellerica)

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSC202)

- 1. To find the pH of the various sample of soil by pH meter.
- 2. To determine the presence of carbonate in different soil mixtures.
- 3. To determine the presence of phosphate in soil and water sample.
- 4. To determine the presence of nitrate in mixture sample.
- 5. To determine the presence of nitrate in mixture sample.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

- 6. To determine frequency, density and abundance of herbaceous species from local garden.
- 7. To determine the biomass of plant vegetation.
- 8. To determine leaf area, dry weight and moisture content of few species of plant from grassland.

COURSE CODE BSC204: PRACTICAL BASED ON COURSE CODE BSE201 / BSE202 / BSE203 ANY TWO (COURSE CREDITS = 04)

.....

LIST OF ELECTIVE PAPERS

COURSE CODE BSE201: BIOLOGY OF THE IMMUNE SYSTEM (COURSE CREDITS =03)

Course Objectives: The objective of this course is to understand the various components of the host immune system, their structure and organization, and functions to serve as the defense system of the body. It would also make the students understand the operational mechanisms which underlie the host defense system, allergy and organ transplantation.

Course Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, the student:

- Will be able to understand the fundamental bases of immune system and immune response.
- Will be able to gather information about the structure and organization of various components of the immune system .
- Will be able to understand the genetic organization of the genes meant for expression of immune cell receptors and the bases of the generation of their diversity.
- Will be able to understand the operation and the mechanisms which underlie the immune response .
- Will be able to apply the knowledge gained to understand the phenomena like host defense, hypersensitivity (allergy), organ transplantation and certain immunological diseases

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT-I

Introduction: phylogeny of immune system, innate and acquired immunity, clonal nature of immune response; organization and structure of lymphoid organs, nature and biology of antigens and super antigens.

UNIT-II

Antibody structure and function; antigen-antibody interactions, major histocompatibility complex, BCR & TCR, generation of diversity, complement system.

UNIT-III

Cells of the immune system; hematopoiesis and differentiation, lymphocyte trafficking. Blymphocytes, T-lymphocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells, natural killer and lymphokine activated killer cells, eosinophils, neutrophils and mast cells. Regulation of immune response: antigen processing and presentation, generation of humoral and cell mediated immune responses, activation of B-and T-lymphocytes, cytokines and their role in immune regulation; T-cell regulation, MHC restriction, immunological tolerance.

UNIT-IV

Approved by

Cell- mediated cytotoxicity; mechanism of T cell and NK cell mediated lysis; antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity, macrophage mediated cytotoxicity; hypersensitivity autoimmunity, transplantation.

UNIT-V

Immunity to infectious agents (intracellular parasites, helminthes & viruses); tumor immunology; AIDS and other immunodeficiences, hybridoma technology and monoclonal antibodies.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Kuby immunology, 4th Edition, R.A. Goldsby, Thomas J.Kindt, Barbara, A. Osbarne. (Freedom)
- 2. Immunology-A short Course, 4th Edition- Ell Benjamin, Richard Coico, Geoffrey Sunshine (Wiley-Liss).
- 3. Fundamentals of immunology, William Paul.
- 4. Immunology, Roitt and others.

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSE201)

- 1. To perform test for antibiotics sensitivity by disc method.
- 2. To determine the minimum inhibitory concentration of given antibiotics.
- 3. Preparation of blood smear.
- 4. To isolate serum from blood plasma.
- 5. To perform agglutination reaction to identification of blood group.

.....

COURSE CODE BSE202: RESOURCE UTILIZATION AND CONSERVATION (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives:

The course aims to empower the learners with knowledge pertaining to world biomes, resources, conservation, sustainable development, pollution and its management, and remote sensing in management of earth resources.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- **CO1:** Deep understanding of distribution, structure and function of various aquatic and terrestrial biomes.
- **CO2:** Learn definitions, types and utilities of biodiversity along with threats along their applications in management and sustainable development of resources from various biomes.
- **CO3:** Empowers students to apply in-situ and in-vitro techniques in conservation of aquatic and terrestrial resources in real time.
- **CO4:** Understands concepts of pollution of different environments and can monitor and treat pollution loads in artificial and natural ecosystems; and appreciate nuances of industrial, societal and urban pollutions.
- **CO5:** Gains insight knowledge about remote sensing of earth resources along with platforms, sensors and scanners, visual and digital interpretation of remotely sensed data.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT - I

Major Biomes of the world, Tropical rain & Seasonal Forests, Temperate rain & Seasonal forests, Boreal forests, Grasslands, Deserts, Aquatic Ecosystems wetlands, Lakes & Ponds Streams & Rivers, Marine & Estuarine habitats.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

UNIT - II

Resource utilization, Status & Utilization of Biodiversity, Sustainable development resources from forest, Grassland and aquatic habitats, Food forage, Fodder, Timber & Non-wood forest products, Threats to quality & quantity of Resources due to overexploitation. Biodiversity in India: Status, Threats, Utility & Conservation; Indian Biodiversity ACT 2002 and Biodiversity Rules 2004.

UNIT -III

Strategies for conservation of resources: Classifications of resources, Principles of conservation, *In-situ* conservation sanctuaries, National parks, Biosphere reserves for wildlife conservation, Habitat conservation practices of conservation for forests ranges, Soil and water.

UNIT - IV

Air, Water and Soil pollution, Kinds, Sources, Quality parameters, Effects on structure & function of ecosystems, Management of pollution, Bioremediation, Climate changes sources, Trends & role of greenhouse gases, Effect of global warming on climate, Ecosystem processes & Biodiversity, Ozone layer & Ozone hole.

UNIT - V

Resource monitoring, Remote sensing concepts & Tools, Satellite remote sensing basics sensors, Visual & digital interpretation, EMR bands and their applications, Indian remote sensing program, Thematic mapping of resources, Application of remote sensing in Ecology &Forestry.

Books recommended

- Chopra R. N. (1933) Indigenous Drugs of India.
- Hayes W. B. (1953) Fruit Growing in India.
- Atkinson E. T. (1980) Economic Botany of Himalayan Regions.

Suggested list of practicals: COURSE CODE BSE202 (Resource Utilization and Conservation)

- 9. To find the pH of the various sample of soil by pH meter.
- 10. To determine the presence of carbonate in different soil mixtures.
- 11. To determine the presence of phosphate in soil and water sample.
- 12. To determine the presence of nitrate in mixture sample.
- 13. To determine the presence of nitrite in mixture sample.
- 14. To determine frequency, density and abundance of herbaceous species from local garden.
- 15. To determine the biomass of plant vegetation.
- 16. To determine leaf area, dry weight and moisture content of few species of plant from grassland.

.....

COURSE CODE BSE203: MICROBIAL METABOLISM (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives: The course aims to empower the learners by the study of metabolic and biochemical processes within the microbial cell for their life.

Course Learning Outcomes:

CO1: The student will able to get the huge knowledge about microbial growth, measurement, growth curve, types of growth and effect of environmental factors.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on** Page **21** of **35**

- CO2: Students will understand the process of Chaemolithotrophy, Methanogenesis, photosynthetic and accessory pigments, oxygenic and anoxygenic photosynthesis, electron transport, generation of ATP and fixation of carbon dioxide.
- CO3:.Learners will gain the idea about respiratory metabolism EMP, ED, glyoxalate pathway, TCA cycle, phosphorylation, Pasteur Effect and fermentation.
- **CO4:** Student will know about assimilation of nitrogen, synthesis of major amino-acids, polyamines; peptidoglycan-biopolymers as cell components.
- **CO5:** Students will understand the microbial development, sporulation and morphogenesis and organization of microbes.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT-I

Microbial growth: mathematical expression of growth, growth measurement, efficient growth curve, synchronous growth and continuous culture, effect of environmental factors on microbial growth, nutrients diffusion, active transport, group translocation, solutes, temperature, oxygen relations.

UNIT-II

Chaemolithotrophy: Sulphur, iron, hydrogen, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxidations. Methanogenesis, luminescence. Brief account of photosynthetic and accessory pigments chlorophyll, bacteriochlorophyll, carotenoids, oxygenic, anoxygenic photosynthesis. Electron transport- photoautotrophic generation of ATP, fixation of CO2- Calvin cycle, reverse TCA, carbohydrate anabolism.

UNIT-III

Respiratory metabolism: Embden Mayer Hoff pathway, Entner Doudroff pathway, glyoxalate pathway, Krebs cycle, oxidative and substrate level phosphorylation, Pasteur effect, fermentation of carbohydrates-homo and heterolactic fermentations. Synthesis of polysaccharides- gluconeogenesis and other pathways.

UNIT-IV

Assimilation of nitrogen: Dinitrogen - nitrate nitrogen-ammonia- denitrification, synthesis of major amino-acids, polyamines; peptidoglycan-biopolymers as cell components.

UNIT-V

Microbial development, sporulation and morphogenesis, hyphae vs. yeast forms and their significance. Multicellular organization of selected microbes. Dormancy. Endospore-structure, properties and germination.

List of Recommended Books

- 1. Doelle H.W. 1969. Bacterial Metabolism. Academic Press.
- 2. Gottschalk G. 1979. Bacterial Metabolism. Springer Verlag. Moat AG. 1979. Microbial Physiology. John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Sokatch JR. 1969. Bacterial Physiology and Metabolism. Academic Press.
- 4. Moat A G., Foster J W., Spector M P. Microbial Physiology, 4th Ed: Wiley India Pvt Ltd 2009.

Suggested list of Practicals (Course CODE BSE203: Microbial Metabolism)

- 1. Determination of Bacterial growth by turbidity measurements (spectrophotometric method).
- 2. Study of effect of temperature on growth of bacteria.
- 3. Study of effect of pH on growth of Bacteria.
- 4. Isolation of rhizobia from root nodules.
- 5. Slide culture technique for studying morphology and molds.

Approved by

COURSE CODE BSS201: SKILL DEVELOPMENT MODULES 2 (COURSE CREDITS = 02) SOFT SKILLS DEVELOPMENT MODULE-2 (Semester- 2) Hrs. 30

S.	Subject	Classroom Activity	Hrs.
No.			
01	Orientation, Personality Development	Worksheet/ lecture	02
02	Role and Impact of Personality	Group Activity/ lecture	01
03	Pre Self-Assessment (Psychometric Analysis)	PDP Assessment Sheet	02
04	Importance of characteristics and Traits	lecture/Group Activity	02
05	Empowerment of Internal and external traits	lecture	02
06	Definition of Personality	Lecture	02
07	Power of Self	Lecture	03
08	Path to Improve Personality	lecture/Group Activity	03
09	Body Language - 1	Worksheet	02
10	Grooming Yourself	Lecture	02
11	IQ / EQ / MQ / SQ	lecture	02
12	Disposition of Body in various aspects	Group Activity	03
13	Getting desired output	Group Activity	02
14	Post Assessment of Personality	Group Activity	02

THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE CODE BSC301: PLANT PHYSIOLOGY (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives:

The course aims to empower the learners with basic principles of plant functions such as mechanism of the transport of the water inorganic and organic substances, metabolism (photosynthesis and respiration), secondary products, plant hormones, cell and stress physiology, principles of growth & development.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- **CO1:** The student will able to get the huge knowledge about pathways of water through xylem and phloem. Know about the requirement of mineral nutrition for plant growth.
- CO2: Students will understand the process of Photosynthesis, Respiration and Nitrogen metabolism.
- **CO3:** Learners will gain the idea about Stress physiology Responses of plants to biotic and abiotic stresses, biological clock and the photoperiodism.
- **CO4:** Student will know about the Plant Growth hormones (Auxins, Gibberellins. Cytokinins, Ethylene), they understand the biosynthesis of phenolic acids, alkaloids.
- **CO5:** Demonstrate proficiency in the experimental techniques and methods to study the plant physiology.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Mechanism of transport of water inorganic and organic substances, Source and sink relationship, Fundamentals of Enzymology, General aspects, Allosteric mechanism, Active sites, Michaelis Menten equation Cooperativity.

UNIT II

Photosynthesis in plants, Pigments, Photosystem I and II, Mechanism of quantum capture and energy transfer between photosystems, Reduction of CO_2 , C_3 , C_4 and CAM metabolism , photorespiration and its signification.

UNIT III

Overview of plant respiration, Glycolysis, TCA cycle, Electron transport and ATP synthesis, Pentose phosphate pathway, Glyoxylate cycle.

UNIT IV

Plant hormone, Mode of action of auxins, Gibberellins, Cytokinin, Ethylene, Abscissic acid, Special features of secondary plant metabolites, Biosynthesis and functions of phenolic acids, Alkaloids.

UNIT V

Stress physiology, Water deficit and drought resistance, Temperature stress, Salinity stress metal toxicity, Biological clock and its regulation, Photoperiodism and floral induction.

Books recommended

- Buchanan. B.B. Gruissem, W and Jones. R.L. (2000) Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of plants. American society of plant physiologists, Maryland USA.
- Galston, A.W. (1989) Life processes in plants. Physiology, John wiley and sons Inc new. York USA.
- Hopking W.G. (1995) Introduction to plant physiology John wiley and sons Inc.New York USA.
- Nobel P.s. (1999) Physiochemical and Environmental plan Physiology.
- Taiz .L.and Zeiger, E. (1998) plant physiology (2nd Edn) Sinayer E. Associates Inc. publishers. Massachusetts, USA.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

COURSE CODE BSC302: GENETICS & MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives:

The course aims to empower the learners by providing insight into various molecular biological processes of DNA replication, transcription and translation. Molecular biology of recombination, synthesis and processing of various RNA molecules are discussed. Further the course provides deeper understanding of regulation of gene expression in various organisms.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- **CO1:** Understanding of DNA as the genetic material and its types. Knowledge of chromatin organization, euchromatin, heterochromatin, C value paradox and restriction mapping.
- **CO2:** Knowledge of Mutation, its kind and mechanism of DNA repair system.
- **CO3:** Conceptualize different aspects of genetics of microorganism with deep understanding of molecular mechanism of recombination, role of Rec ABC&D, linkage and crossing over.
- **CO4:** Empowers student to acquire knowledge about different enzymes of DNA replication, transcription and translation. Deep understanding of DNA and RNA sequencing methods, process of transcription and post transcriptional processing.
- CO5: Gains insight into the process of translation and gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes by understanding different types of RNA, translational factors, concept of operon; lac and tryptophan and different models of gene expression in eukaryotes.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Nucleic acid as genetic material (experimental proof) DNA structure A, B & Z forms. Chromosome structure & chromatin organization, Euchromatin & Heterochromatin different models, Nuclear DNA content, C-value paradox, Cot curves, Restriction mapping, Concept & techniques, *In-situ* hybridization.

UNIT II

Spontaneous & induced mutations, Physical & chemical mutagens types of mutations, Molecular mechanism of mutation, forward, back, Missense, Nonsense, Frameshift and suppresser mutations, Mutations induced by transposons, Site directed mutagenesis, Mechanism of DNA damage & repair, Photorepair, Excision or dark repair,

UNIT III

Genetics of microorganisms, Transformation, Conjugation & transduction in bacteria, Conjugation mapping, Molecular mechanism of recombination, Role of Rec ABC&D, general & site specific recombination, Independent assortment, Linkage and crossing over.

UNIT IV

DNA & RNA sequencing, Different methods, DNA replication, DNA polymerases, Topoisomerases, Ligases, Gene transcription, RNA polmersases, Promoters, Transcription factors, Mechanism of transcription, Chain initiation, Elongation, & termination, Post transcriptional processing of RNA, Capping, Adenylation & splicing, Introns & Exons

UNIT V

Translation of messenger RNA into proteins, Structure & role of t- RNA & ribosomes, Different factors (I, EFTs, RFs), Protein chain initiation, Elongation & termination, Inhibitors of protein synthesis, *In vitro* protein synthesis, Gene expression in prokaryotes, Operon concept, Inducer, Repressor, Co-repressor, c-AMP / CRP, co-induction & co-repression . Regulation of lac operon & Tryptophan operons, Attenuation Gene expression in eukaryotes, Britton and Davidson's, Gene battery model , HCP / NHCP Hormones

Books recommended

• Bray, Lewis Ralf, Roberts and Watson (1983) Molecular Biology of the Cell.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

- Schwer M. A. (1989) Methods in Plant Molecular Biology.
- Wolf S. L. (1993) Molecular and Cellular Biology.
- Shaw C. H. (Ed.) (1988) Plant Molecular Biology A Practical Approach.
- Clug & Cummings: Essential of Genetics.

COURSE CODE BSC303: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objective: The course of Animal Physiology deals extensively with the physiology of the vital organs of vertebrates and invertebrates. These include structure and function of blood and lymph, and the process of digestion, excretion, nerve and muscle functions.

Course Learning Outcomes

- The students learn the nutritional pattern in animals in relation to hormonal and enzymatic regulation of digestion with reference to homeostasis.
- Blood and lymph their structure and function related to gas exchange, ion transport and clotting and defense is dealt in good detail.
- The students are also made acquainted with the very importance of muscles in relation to structure, function and physiology. Further, the neuromuscular interconnection and basic role of neuronal tissue at different level is elaborately dealt with here.
- The complete physiology of invertebrate and vertebrate excretion system is learnt by the pupil.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Nutritional patterns in animals, Types of nutrition, Modes of ingestion and mechanism of feeding in various groups of animals, Digestion, Intracellular and extracellular, Enzyme action and hormonal regulation of digestion, Concept of homoeostasis.

UNIT II

Blood, Composition and functions, Coagulation, Blood groups and transfusion, characteristics of hemoglobin.

UNIT III

Lymphatic system, Various types of leucocytes and their role, Immunity, Innate and acquired, Antigen and antibody response, Transport of respiratory gases in the body chloride bicarbonate shift.

UNIT IV

Muscles, Various types, Structure and functions, Molecular mechanism of muscle contraction, Muscle tone, Muscle fatigue, Rigor mortis, Structure of neuron, Membrane and action potential origin and propagation of nerve impulse, Synaptic transmission, Neuromuscular junction, Reflex action.

UNIT V

Excretion in invertebrates, Flame cells and malpighian tubules, Excretion in vertebrates, structure of nephron, Mechanism of urine formation with details of ultrafiltration and counter current mechanism, Functions of renal tubules.

COURSE CODE BSC304: PRACTICAL BASED ON COURSE CODE BSC301 & CODE BSC302 (COURSE CREDITS = 04)

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSC301)

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on** Page **26** of **35**

- 1. To measure D.P.G. (Diffusion Pressure Deficit) of Potato cells.
- 2. To prepare molar, Molal & normal solution (100ml) of NaCl and Sucrose.
- 3. To determine the incipient plasmolysis of cells under different concentration of sucrose solution.
- 4. Extraction and separation of the chlorophyll pigments from spinach leave by solvent extraction method.
- 5. Extraction and separation of the chlorophyll pigment from spinach leave by paper chromatography.
- 6. Separation of anthocyanin pigment by Paper Chromatography.
- 7. Extraction and separation of chlorophyll pigments from spinach leaves by Spectrophotometer.
- 8. To determine the stomatal index in different plant species.

Suggested list of practicals (Course Code BSC302)

- 1. Staining technique for chromosomes preparation in plant (onion plant) and animal cell
- 2. To study the mitotic stages in the root of anion (*Allium cepa*) and to calculate the mitotic index.
- 3. To study the pollen sterility and fertility in buds of *tradeschantia*.
- 4. To study the effect of UV rays on E.coli.
- 5. To study the effect of dark and light treatment in DNA repair in *E. coli*.

.....

COURSE CODE BSC305: PRACTICAL BASED ON COURSE CODE BSC303 & CODE BSE301 / BSE302 / BSE303 / BSE304 (COURSE CREDITS = 04)

LIST OF ELECTIVE PAPERS

COURSE CODE BSE301: ADVANCED MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives: This course combines special set of tutorials centered around research activities in molecular biology with practical exercises and/or laboratory placements. The content is designed to provide students with a perspective of how cutting edge molecular biology principles and techniques are applied to major research questions. This course will illustrate that cross disciplinary approaches are essential in modern research.

Course Learning Outcomes

- To understand key principles of how cells work, including gene regulation, protein synthesis and signal transduction.
- To locate, analyse, evaluate and synthesise information from a wide variety of sources to understand the key principles of Molecular Biology.
- To read, interpret and discuss major contributions to Molecular Biology research published in scientific research literature.
- To develop effective, creative and innovative solutions, both independently and cooperatively, to current and future research problems in Molecular Biology.

COURSE CONTENTS UNIT I

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

Faculty of Life Science on 14/10/2020 Executive Council on

Page 27 of 35

Recombinant DNA technology I: methods of creating recombinant DNA molecule, properties of restriction endonucleases and their mode of action, selection screening construction of DNA library.

UNIT II

Recombinant DNA Technology II: Use of cloned gene, sub-cloning; recombinant proteins production in bacteria, site-directed mutagenesis, RFLP, PCR, DNA-fingerprinting, antisense-RNA technology, chromosomal walking.

IINIT III

Hybridoma technology: monoclonal antibodies mycelium cell infusion selection of hybridomas, protoplast fusion and HAT-medium screening assay purification and application of monoclonal antibodies.

UNIT IV

Cell and tissue culture: micropropagation, somatic cell culture, somoclonal variations, somatic cell hybridization, protoplast isolation, protoplast fusion, protoplast culture, genetic transformation, various methods of gene transfer (all vector and methods), production of transgenic plant and animal; production of secondary metabolites, primary and transferred cell culture, differentiated cells in culture application.

UNIT V

Fermentation technology: continuous and batch type culture techniques, principle types of Fermenters, general design of fementors. Fermentation processes, brewing manufacture of antibiotics, production of single cell protein. Application of genetic and molecular biology procedures in strain improvement.

Books recommended

- 1. Molecular cloning: A Laboratory Manual, J. Sambrook; Fritsch and T. Maniatis Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York, 2000.
- 2. Introduction to practical molecular biology P.D. Dabre, John Wiley & sons Ltd. N York 1988
- 3. Molecular Biology LabFax, T.A. Brown (Ed) Bios Scientific Publishers Ltd. Oxford, 1991
- 4. Molecular Biology of the Gene (4th edition), J.D. Watson N.H. Hopkins, J.W. Roberts
- J.A. Steitz and A.M. Weiner, The Benjamin/Cummlngs Publ Co. Inc. California, 1987.
- 5. Molecular Cell Biology (2nd Edition) J. Darnell, H. Lodish and D. Baltimore, Scientist American Books, Inc., USA, 1994.
- 6. Molecular Biology of the Cell (2nd Edition) B. Alberts, D. Bray, J. Lewis, M. Raff, K. Roberts, and J. D. Watson, Garland Publishing, Inc., New York, 1994.
- 7. Gene VI (6th Edition) Benjamin Lewin, Oxford University press, U.K., 1998.
- 8. Molecular Biology and biotechnology; a comprehensive desk reference, R.A. Meyers (Ed.) VCH Publishers, Inc, New York, 1995
- 9. Genomes, T.S. Brown

Suggested list of practicals (Course CODE BSE301)

- 1. To isolate genomic DNA from fungi by LETS methods.
- 2. To determine the quantity and quality of the isolated fungal DNA.
- 3. To determine the agarose gel electrophoresis of the isolated fungal DNA.
- 4. To isolate plasmid DNA from bacteria by quick method.
- 5. To purify the DNA from agarose gel.
- 6. To study the Thermal cycler.
- 7. To study the gel documentation system.

.....

COURSE CODE BSE302: AGRICULTURAL MICROBIOLOGY (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

Course Objectives: To make students aware about agricultural technique, crop diseases, soil health, composting, agriculture losses, pest management, green revolution and agricultural biotechnology.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Describe role of microorganism in recycling soil nutrients, biodegradation of complex plant polymers, sustaining and improving plant growth through improving nutrient availability, production of plant growth promoting substances and inhibiting pathogens.
- Critically discuss the need for agricultural microbiology and explain their limitations.
- Clarify application of microorganisms in varied fields of agricultural microbiology like bioremediation, biofertilizers and waste water treatment.
- Analyse various aspects of N₂ fixation, Phosphate solubilization, PGPR etc. Pre and post harvesting agricultural losses, management, formulation, mass production and applications.
- Green revolution, transgenic plant, gene protection technology, resistant verities, management of agricultural waste as food, feed and fuel.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT – I

History, scope and development of agricultural microbiology, rhizosphere and phyllosphere: concept, importance, factors affecting microbial diversity.

UNIT - II

Soil health: crop residues, humus, mineralization, immobilization, soil-sickness, composting, vermicomposting, green manure. Effect of crop residues on plant growth; biodegradation of pesticides and pollutants; biodegradation fate, bioavailability, acceleration, bioremediation. Biofertilizers: types, production, formulation and constraints.

UNIT - III

General idea about major agricultural pests: Plant diseases- late blight potato. downy mildew of pea, stem gall of coriander, powdery mildew / rust / smut, rust of linseed, Ergot of bajara, Anthracnose of soybean, Tikka disease of groundnut, wilt of arhar, bacterial blight of paddy, citrus canker, leaf curl of papaya, little left of brinjal. Insects: gram, soybean. Weeds: parthenium, xanthium, waterhyacinth, cyperus, phalaris

UNIT - IV

Post harvest losses of agricultural products: causes, problems and management recent trends in pest management: strategies, mass production, formulation and application technology, achievements, constraints

UNIT - V

Biotechnology in agriculture: the new green revolution, transgenic crops, gene protection technology, frost control technology, resistant varieties. Bioconversion futurology: exploitation of agricultural wastes for food / feed and fuel.

List of Recommended Books

- 1. Soil microbiology by Subba Rao
- 2. Soil and microbes by Waksman and Starkey.
- 3. Plant pathology by Mehrotra.
- 4. Alexander, M. Introduction to Soil Microbiology, 3rd Edition. Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi
- 5. Microbiology by S.S. Purohit.

Suggested list of Practicals (Course CODE BSE302: Agricultural Microbiology)

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on**

- 1. Isolation and Enumeration of the microorganism from soil by serial dilution agar plate method.
- 2. Isolation of fungi from soil by warcup's method.
- 3. Isolation of azotobacter species from soil.
- 4. Isolation of microorganism from rhizosphere.
- 5. Isolation of microorganism from phyllosphere (phyloplane) by serial dilution, agar plate method or leaf impression method.
- 6. Plant diseases leaf curl of papaya, rust of wheat, citrus canker, red rot of sugarcane. Study of weeds- Parthenium, water hyacinth.

COURSE CODE BSE303: BIOPROCESS ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Course Objectives: The course will enable students to apply the learning of microbiology concepts toward the exploitation of microbial population for industrial and human benefits. The strategies for development of microbial strains, process optimization, large scale production and product recovery will be covered for industrially relevant microbial products and therapeutic proteins. The course aims to provide instruction in the general principles of food microbiology, the biology and epidemiology of food borne microorganisms of public health significance, including bacteria, yeasts, fungi, protozoa and viruses and Understand food spoilage microorganisms; the microbiology of food preservation and food commodities; fermented and microbial foods; principles and methods for the microbiological examination of foods; micro biological quality control, and quality schemes.

Course Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, the student:

- Will have gained insight on industrially important microbes, recent developments in fermentation processes and various optimization strategies at fermenter level.
- Understands the concept of sterilization methods and principles of batch and continuous processes.
- Attains knowledge about designing of industrial strains and various media optimization strategies .
- Learns about the design, types of fermenters and various critical components of bioreactors
- Is able to describe control parameters, fluid rheology and process constraints in a large scale bioreactor
- Gets introduced to various strategies of product recovery from a fermentation broth.
 Acquires knowledge about various industrially relevant microbial products and their production process
- Understand the principles of microorganisms during various food-processing & preservation steps.
- Comprehend the interactions between microorganisms and the food environment, and factors influencing their growth and survival.

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT-I

Biofermentation: designing and application, principles of biofermentation, monitoring and control of parameters (pH, oxygen, agitation, temperature, foam etc.), batch & continuous; production medium, raw materials, isolations; maintenance, preservation & improvement of industrial strains, computer control of fermentation processes.

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020, **Standing committee on** Page **30** of **35**

UNIT-II

Downstream processing: Filtration of fermentation broths, ultra-centrifugation, recovery of biological products by distillation, superficial fluid extraction.

UNIT-III

Industrial production of solvents: Ethyl alcohol, citric and acetic acids; enzymes; amylases, proteases, cellulases; vitamins: vitamin B12, vitamin C, antibiotics (penicillin, streptomycin, tetracycline and griseofulvin). Microbes in petroleum industry (oil recovery); immobilized cells & enzymes.

UNIT-IV

Microbiology of food: sources and types of microorganisms in food, food borne pathogens, microbiological examination of food, spoilage of food, food preservation, fermented foods, microbial proteins.

UNIT-V

Dairy microbiology: sources and types of microorganisms in milk, microbial examination of milk, pasteurization and phosphatase test, sterilization of milk, grades of milk, dairy products, fermented milk, butter & cheese.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Biochemical Engineering, Aiba, S., Humphrey, A.E. and Millis, N.F. Univ of Tokyo Press, Tokyo.
- 2. Biochemical Reactors, Atkinson, B: Pion Ltd. London.
- 3. Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals, Baily, J.E. and Ollis, D.F. McGraw-Hill Book Co. New York.
- 4. Bioprocess Technology: Fundamental and Application, KTH, Stockholm.
- 5. Process Engineering in Biotechnology, Jackson, A.T., Prentice Hall, Engelwood Cliffs.
- 6. Bioprocess Engineering: Basic Concepts, Shuler, M.L. and Kargi, F., Prentice Hall, Engelwood Cliffs.
- 7. Principles of Fermentation Technology, Stanbury, P.F. and Whitaker, A. Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- 8. Bioreaction Engineering principles, Nielson, J. and Billadsen, J. Plenum Press.
- 9. Chemical Engineering Problems is Biotechnology, Shuler, M.L. (Ed.) AICHE.
- 10. Biochemical Engineering, Lee, J.M. Prentice Hall Inc.
- 11. Bioprocess Engineering-kinetics, Mass Transport, Reactors and Gene Expression, Viet; W.F., John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Suggested list of Practicals (Course CODE BSE303)

- 1. Isolation of micro-organism from canned food.
- 2. Isolation of bacteria and fungi from spoiled bread.
- 3. Quantitative test of milk by resazurin test.
- 4. Quantitative estimation of Amylase production.
- 5. Isolation of lipase producing bacteria from soil.
- 6. Isolation of phosphate solubilizing/producing bacteria from soil.
- 7. Estimation of antibiotic property of bacteria.

COURSE CODE BSE304: BIOTECHNOLOGY (COURSE CREDITS = 03)

Approved by

Course Objectives: The course will help students to understand various applications of microbes for the development of various products of agriculture, industrial and clinical application. The knowledge of recombinant technology, bioreactors and optimization strategies will be beneficial in development of production processes.

Course Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course, the student:

- Will learn about various industrially relevant microbial products and their production process, role of biotechnology in environment management.
- Acquires knowledge about strains development, selection of hyper producers, microbial products, metabolic engineering and various industrial relevant microbial products and their production process Learns about the designing of recombinant heterologous expression systems such as E. coli, yeast, mammalian and insect cells.
- Learns about sterilization at reactor scale and different types of sterilization strategies
- Attains knowledge about designing large scale industrial processes and types of cultivation strategies Understands the concept of recombinant biomolecules, therapeutic proteins, vaccines, antibodies, bio-pesticides, bio-fertilizers, and probiotics.
- Understands different types of regulatory approvals required for drug development and difference between biologics, biosimilars and biobetters

COURSE CONTENTS

UNIT I

Biotechnology an Overview, Definition, Perspective and scope of biotechnological processes and products, Biotechnology and Ethics, Introduction, Medical and chemical Biotechnology, Agriculture and Food, Energy and environment and human, Bioethics, Facing problem and finding solutions, Regulating the use of biotechnology, Patenting biotechnology inventions.

UNIT II

Genetic Engineering and gene cloning, Introduction of genetic engineering procedure, restriction endonuclease, cloning vehicle, Vectors for animals and plants, Insertion of DNA molecule in to a vector, Direct transformation, Isolation and cloning, Transformation and growth of cells, Selection and screening of particular recombinants, Genomic library, sequencing of DNA, Gene identification and mapping, Analysis of expression of cloned genes, Polymerase chain reaction, Monoclonal Antibodies.

UNIT III

Plant cell and tissue cultures, Culture techniques, Protoplast fusion, Direct gene transfer, Microinjections, Nuclear transplantation, Plastid and mitochondrial genes, production of secondary metabolites by immobilized plant cell, Development of disease resistant, herbicide resistant, Salt & drought resistant plant varieties, Microbial Toxins, Introduction, Toxins gene isolation, Genetic engineering of *B. thuringiensis* strains, *Baculovirus* as biocontrol agents.

UNIT IV

Culturing microorganisms for the production of biomass, Production of microbial (Bacterial, Cyanobacterial and Fungal) products, Batch culture, Continuous culture, Fed-batch culture, Mass culture, Use of culture system for the production of microbial products, Production of cyanobacterial biomass for food, Feed and health care products, Improvement of microbial strains for industry, Agriculture, Immobilization of microbial cells and enzyme and its applications.

UNIT V

Strain improvement, bioreactor design, Reactor types, Application of immobilized cells and enzyme, improvement in bioreactor to control environment of process organism. use of microorganisms in pollution control, Waste treatment, Bioremediation, Biological removal of eutrophic nutrients, Heavy metals, Toxic chemicals (Herbicide, Insecticide and Fungicide and Other Toxicants) from waste water and industrial effluents, Utilization of waste water for the

Approved by

production of food and feed, Biodegradation, Bioleaching of metals, Application of microorganisms from environment

Books recommended

- Haekett P. B., Fuchs J. A. and Mesing J. W. (1988) An Introduction to Recombinant DNA techniques – basic experiments in gene manipulation.
- Glck B. R. and Thompson J. E. (1993) Methods in Plant Molecular Biology and Biotechnology.
- Bjorn Kristiansen, (2012) Basic Biotechnology third Edition.

Suggested list of practicals (Course CODE BSE304)

1. Demonstration:-

PCR

Spectrophotometer

pH meter

Centrifuse

Photomicrographic Camera

- 2. To prepare the media for plant tissue culture.
- 3. Isolation of pathogenic fungi from infected plants/Disease plants (Leaf/ Stem/ root)
- 4. Identification of unknown microorganism from given plates.
- 5. Preparation of tissue culture media.

COURSE CODE BSS301: SKILL DEVELOPMENT MODULES 3 $(COURSE\ CREDITS = 02)$

ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT PROGRAME AGENDA (Semester-3) TIME - 30 Hrs

1. ORIENTATION PROGRAM FOR ENTREPRENEURSHIP

2. WHAT IS ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Definition of Entrepreneurship

Be a Successful Entrepreneurship

3. TYPE OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Manufacturing

Trading

Service Provider

4. NEED TO BE SUCCESSFUL ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Knowledge - About work and Concern

Information - About sources/ market/ Customer's

Assets - About Technology, Place, Man power and money

5. CHOOSING A BUSINESS -

Micro Scale Unit Small Scale Unit

Large Scale Unit Mega Scale Unit

6. MARKETING and DISTRIBUTION

Definition and Type of Marketing

About Sales and Marketing

Distribution channels

7. PRODUCT DESIGNING / BRANDING / MERCHANDIZING

Approved by

Board of Studies in Bioscience on 15/09/2020. Standing committee on

Research and Development

8. FINANCIAL FLUENCY, PLANNING AND LEGAL ASPECTS

Taxation

Rules and norms of the Govt. to run a business

9. GOVERMENT SCHEMES AND ASSISTENCE

About financial loan / Place/ Training / Subsidy.....etc

10. INDUSTRY VISITS.

FOURTH SEMESTER (COURSE CREDITS 18)

(A) DISSERTATION	Credits	Maximum Marks
A. Valuation		
(i) Language & Presentation		
(ii) Review of Literature		
(iii) Methodology		300
(iv) Analysis & interpretation of Result		
-	18	
B. Viva-Voce EXTERNAL		50
C. Viva-Voce INTERNAL		50
Total	ı	400

(B) Comprehensive	viva	voce	(virtual	4	50
credits)				4	30

Course Objectives:

The primary object of this course is to expose the student to research culture and technology. The student learns how to choose a research problem, plan and perform experiments, collect data, and analyze the data qualitatively and quantitatively. The student gets trained in presenting the results in the form of an oral presentation as well as a thesis. The student presents his/ her research orally at the end of the semester, and this is coupled to a viva-voce. This not only equips the student for a career in research/ industry, but also fosters self-confidence and self-reliance in the student as he/she learns to work and think independently.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Student is able to conceive a problem based on current published research.
- Student is able to carry out comprehensive survey of literature on the topic of research
- Student is able to make culture media for various microbes
- Student is able to isolate microorganism from different environmental/ food sources
- Student is able to identify the isolated microorganism using biochemical and molecular methods Student is able to assess the microorganism's ability to produce various enzymes
- Student becomes well-versed in different enzymatic assay systems
- Student learns correct handling and use of instruments
- Student learns correct handling of reagents and chemicals
- Student learns how to execute experiments correctly.
- Student learns the importance of including controls in all experiments
- Student learns how to plot the results.
- Student learns how to analyze data, using statistical tools where necessary
- Student learns how to interpret the results from all possible angles.
- Student learns how to present the project in the form of a slide show before and audience of 20-30 people.
- Student is exposed to the science of thesis writing.